NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

And that free competition was the only way in which business and trade in general could be carried to not in success. The Archibishop of Dubling the state of the project of the proje

than show. Between each of the many moows, there are, in plain gilt frames, pretty views, on papier mache, of British and American accnery. The main entrance is flanked by two splendid mirrors. Below the main deck, both fore and aft, are the state rooms, or sleeping berths for passengers, having accommodation in all for 180, or, including sofa beds, which can be easily and comfortably fitted

amp placed in a triangular apparatus, which throws a flood of light into a cable on each side, and the obby in front. The light is entirely closed in, and are beautifully fitted up. Below the first floor, so speak, on which are situated the sleeping cabins, here are the mail and store-rooms, and the holds or the stowage of goods, and below this again is not the stowage of goods, and below this again is not the stowage of goods, and below this again is not the stowage of goods, and below this again is not the stowage of goods, and below this again is not the stowage of goods. The first Chamber of the States General has been summoned to meet on Tuesday, the 28th inst. By a royal decree of the 17th, His Majesty has accepted the resignation of M. St. de Jonge Van Campens Nieuweland, with an honorable testimony to his services as Minister of Justice, and has nominated M. Dirk Donker Curtius to the function of Minister of Justice pro tem.

The Committee appointed by His Majesty's de-

the bottom of the ship, which, both fore and aft, is appropriated for the coal space.

The America, and ships of her class, are well worthy of consideration, even in a national point of view. She has all the strength of, and better salling qualities than any steam ship in Her Majesty's fleet, and by merely knocking down saloons and opening port holes, she could be converted in 48 hours into one of those ocean bulwarks to which this land has so long owed her power and independence. A naval officer estimates that the America could carry four 84 pounder guns, two fore and two aft, and from 12 to 16 325-pounders along her sides.

Disaster to the Chinese Junk Keving.

Lloyd's List contains the following, under date of Jersey, March 16: "The Chinese Junk Keying. Sapt. Kellett, from Boston for London, was boarded if the Coast of France, and brought in here to-day.

e vessel Washington Irving, arrived at the of Liverpool from Boston, United States, has ght, as a portion of her cargo, 637 tons weight alk of ice, the produce of the United States of rica. As this is the first arrival of the kind. America. As this is the first arrival of the kind during the present year, it is necessarily of much interest, and deserving of particular remark. The importation of this article, which has so recently formed an item in the list of merchandise brought from the United States, was last year confined to very few instances, and not at all to be compared to the immense influx during the previous year, which was, no doubt, correctly ascribed to the severity of the previous Winter in this country having enabled the storers of lee in this metropolis and elsewhere to lay in ample stocks of the article, and CHINA. rge supplies from extraneous sources.

atticularly severe for a few days, it was, generally ports of the severe for a few days, it was, generally ports of the severe for a few days, it was, generally ports of the severe for a continual and atensive store of ice as the previous one; and carried severe for the severe ordinarily altry and oppressive, the chances are that there ill be some call for the article from foreign ton is the early period of its arrival, the first supply having previously been at an advanced period of the season. There have been, as yet, no arrivals of ice this year from the northern countries of Europe.

[Morning Advertiser.]

In this importation be prepared to quit Canton at a moment's notice, pending an answer to his dispatch from the British Government.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Correspondence of The Tribune.

ply having praviously been at an advanced period of the season. There have been, as yet, no arrivals of ice this year from the northern countries of Europe.

A Mail to America once a Week.

Notice has been issued by the Post Office an thorities that during the ensuing Summer, mails will be transmitted between Liverpool and North America once a week by the British contract mily packets, which will leave Liverpool for Boston and New York, alternately, on every Statrday, and will be dispatched from Boston and New-York alternately, on their testur royage, every Wednesday. This weekly service will commence with the outward packets to the 8th of April, and with the homeward packets to not be 8th of April, and with the homeward packets to not be 8th of April, and with the other and packets to the 8th of April, and with the homeward packets to make a property of fairing our months, mails will be coveyed to Boston and New-York only once a formight instead of weekly.

Te Transfer Engravings to White Paper.
Place the engravings for a few accords over induced in all its delicacy and faish. The iodic has the property of fairing on the black parts or ink of the sugarous, and place them for a few minutes under a present were estimated by some of the Young Ireland leaders at 10,000, but the hepotre for the Abranag Chronicle estimates them at 7,000, and stateshand to these yeary many were mere aspectators, while others took must more interest in the thinble right and the server way was present to the specter for the Abranag Chronicle estimates them at 7,000, and stateshand to these years many was present to the specter for the Abranag Chronicle estimates them at 7,000, and stateshand these years many was recreased to the specter of the Strain and the server was a few companies of the right of the property of faing on the black parts or ink of the segretary in any place them for a few minutes and the property of faing on the black parts or ink of the server was the property of faint on the white. This import and the property is

on fall speed up to the time they were stopped of the Lightship, was 210 miles, which she accompilated in 134 hours.

The dimensions of this splendid vessel are length of keel and fore-rake 250 feet; breadth of beam, 38 feet; tonnage 1,840, horse power, 650—These are the actual bona fide measurements. She has stowage for 700 tons of coal, and fully 500 tons of goods. Bhe was built by Mr. Steel, of Greenock, and is considered by those best able to judge, as a strong and first-rate specimen of naval architecture. The engines were manufactured at the works of Mr. Robert Napier, the eminent engineer, at Glas gow. The total sum expended in her constriction amounts to more than £80,000.

The America is under the command of Capt. Judkins, hose senior officer in the service of the Company, who has in succession and by promotion commanded every ship they have built, excepting one. The crew consists of about 100 individuals—name by, 35 in the steaming, and 30 in the steward's departments.

The interior arrangements and fittings of this noble vessel are of the most perfect description—The saloon, which is on deck, is constructed from beams of immense strength and thickness. It is 50 feet in length, by 18 feet in width, and, though chastely elegant, is evidently made more for use than show. Between each of the many windows there are, in plain gilt frames, pretty views, on papier maché, of British and American scenery. The main entrance is flanked by two splendid mirrors.

Below the main deck, both fore and aft, are the

ATHENS, March 10.—The Ministry have at last rought forward the budgets for 1847 and 1848. the total receipts for 1847 amount to 12,628,534 rachmas, the expenses for the same year are drachmas: the expenses for the same year are 17,421,602 drachmas. leaving a deficiency in the year of 4,795,168 drachmas. There are, beside, 305,690 drachmas to be added, for the expenses of diplomatic agents, not included in the budget for 1847. The estimated receipts for 1848 are calculated at 14,883,000 drachmas. Add to this 3,835,743 to be advanced by the three powers, and 610,504 to be raised from extraordinary resources, and you will have a total revenue for 1848 of 19,333,273 drachmas. Of this income 5,381,197 drachmas grace to pay off the interest and loans from Rothschild, the three powers, and Eynard 339,595 drachmas are swallowed up in pensions. The civil list takes

The Journal des Débats says that it has received papers and correspondence from China up to the 29th of January. No event of the least political imtoy and the Governor of Hong Kong were still being carried on, the correspondence up to that time not having produced any satisfactory result. Sir John Davis had, in an official proclamation, even announced to his countrymen, that he thought it was absolately necessary to warn them in the meaning of the enemy to the walls of the castle—when, after receiving a containon, had placed himself in a grove at the foot of the hill, sheltered from the fire of the enemy.

Secretary of W. portance had occurred since the departure of the last courier. The negotiations between the Viceroy and the Governor of Hong Kong were still being

The New-Orleans Delta, of the 30th ult. contains a complete report of the proceedings of the Court of In-

The Court had decided after considerable discussion

may arrive in this country during the present year, it was of great importance that the bill heretofore introduced by him should be considered. It was taken up and passed without debate. The pro-

Secretary of War, that he had opposed with great warmth the views of Gen. Scott in relation to the armistics, when he had been not only in favor of the armistice, but was willing to become one of the Commissioners.

7. In endeavoring to influence the mind of Mr. Sreaner, correspondent of the Delta, in favor of his own dishonors ble wishes and schemes.

8. In endeavoring to corruptly influence the mind of Mr. Peoples of the American Sur, toward his own glorification in said paper, &c.

On the next day, the Rist, the examination of witnesses commenced. The day was occupied in taking down the evidence of Mr. Freaner, with regard to the identity of the "Leonidas" letters. The witness testified to the fact

et to examine enjectors of customs to appoint an offiet to examine em grant vessels.

8. Amends the act "regulating the carriage of passengers in merchant vessels," on as to allow sixteen superfisial feet on deck for each passenger, when the height between decks is less than six feet; when less than five feet,
twenty-two feet are allowed.

9. This act shill take effect, in respect to such vessels
sailing from ports in the United States, in thirty days from
the time of its approval, and in respect to every such
vessel sailing from corts in Europe, in starty days after
such approval, and it is made the duty of the Secretary
of State to give notice in the ports of Europe, of this act,
in such a manner as he may deem proper.

10. So much of the first section of the set extitled "An
act regulating passenger ships and vessels," approved
March 2, 1819, or any other act that limits the number of
passengers to two for every five tons, is repealed.

The House then resolved itself into a Committee
of the Whole, and proceeded to the consideration evidence of Mr. Freaser, with regard to the identity of the "Leonidas" letters. The witness testified to the fact that Gen. Pillow had given him a paper to incorporate with his letter to the Delia. This he had refused, because it contained incorrect statements, but had retained the paper. He had afterward written to Mr. Maginnis of the Delia, and obtained the original copy of the "Leonidas" letter. This was produced, when he recognized several interlineations as having been written by Gen. Pillow. Gen. Scott stated that Mr. Trist and Mr. Peoples of the American Star, were to be the next witnesses: after which the Court adjourned. The House then resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole, and proceeded to the consideration of private bills upon the calendar.

A motion was made to take up the Senate resolutins, congratulating France, but objection was made. The House then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 8, 1848.

The Senate was not in session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House convened at the usual hour, when Speaker WINTHROF took the Chair, and called it to order. After the transaction of some ordinary routine business. Mr. Hockwell, of Connecticut, moved to take up the consideration of the regular business of the day, when, on motion, the House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, Mr. Googus in the Chair, on several private bills; which were duly considered, when the Committee rose and reported to the The following bill was introduced into the House on Tuesday, 4th inst., by Mr. SLINGERLAND, of

Albany, N. Y., read twice and referred to the

Albany, N. Y., read twice and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

A BILL.

To give in actual settlers and cultivators the besedt of limited quantities of the Public Lands for a nonmal composition; and to prevent specialton in the same.

But canacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, and quantity of the United States, any quantity of land remaining unsoid, not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres, at a price which shall not exceed the sum of fifty cents per care: Provided, That the person making such entry shall first make an afficant hedroc the register or receiver of the land-office, where the entry is proposed to be made, that the said applicant enters or proposes to enter the same for his own use and benefit, for the purpose of extitement and cultivation by and for him, and that said applicant has either made no entry under the provisions of this act, or no entry in pursuance thereof, which, together with the additional entry there proposed to be made, will make the whole quantity so entered, exceed one hundred and sixty acres. Provided, That any additional entry proposed to be made, under the provisions of this act, shall be for land tying adjoining to the land first entered. Sec. 2. It may be lawful, however, for any person purchasing land as aforesaid, and residing thereon, to enter eighty or less scree adjoining the one hundred and sixty acres to provisions of this act, and for twenty acres in addition to the eighty acres, he shall pay an inoreased price of weary, five cents per acre and for each additional twenty acres thereafter, the sum of the preceding tweaty.

Sac. 3. All acts and parts of acts repugnant to the provisions of this act shall be, and see hereby repealed. of this act, or no entry in pursance thereof, which, to gether with the additional entry there proposed to be made, will make the whole quantity so entered, exceed one houself which the whole quantity so entered, exceed one houself try proposed to be made, and extry acres. Provided, That any additional early additional early proposed to be made, under the provisions of this act, shall be for land lying adjoining to the land first entered.

Sec. 2. It may be lawful, however, for any person purchasing land as aforesaid, and residing thereon, to entry acres aloresaid, at the price of one dollar per sore and for twenty acres aforesaid, at the price of one dollar per sore. Sec. 2. It may be lawful, however, for any person purchasing land as aforesaid, at the price of one dollar per sore shall pay an increased price of twenty-five cents per acre shall be added to the price of the expectation of the

the Bering Chronic estimated by ome of the the Bering Chronic estimates the max 1000, and the the Bering Chronic estimates the max 1000, and the the Bering Chronic estimates the max 1000, and the the Bering Chronic estimates the max 1000, and the the Bering Chronic estimates the max 1000 and the the Bering Chronic estimates the max 1000 and the the Bering Chronic estimates the max 1000 and the the Bering Chronic estimates the bering Chronic estimates the bering Chronic estimates the bering Chronic estimates the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and a pictified of pinks as an other proposed on the cyte the North Will, and the North Will, and

onsideration, to which objection was made.

Mr. Vistos, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill making appropriations for payment of Navy Pensions, a bill making appro-priations for the Post Office Lepartment, and the

Washington, Saturday, April 8, 1848.

ered, when the Committee rose and reported to the

Washington, April 8, 1848.

The Court, to-day, positively denied a farther hearing from the counsel for Nugent, the Herald correspondent. The Senate will probably release him on Monday.

Shipwereck.—The following is an extract of a

To the Editor of The Tribune. Dear Six: I wish to call the attention of the intelligent class, who form the large body of your readers in this city, to a work of art just opened for exhibition here, the inter-est of which, over and above its artistic merits, should not

Mr. Benton moved that the document be printed, which was agreed to be then presented the correspondence between Col. Frenont's acceptance of his commission, which were ordered to be added to the document, and printed with it.

Mr. Cass then moved to take up the bill providing for an additional military force of 20,000 voluntaries which after some little discussions among the series which after some little discussions are series and the series which after some little discussions are series and the correspondence between collections and the adjustment of which were some little discussions and the correspondence between Col. Freework's acceptance of his commission, which were ordered to be added to the commission which were ordered to be added to th

Mr. Dayton spoke in its favor. He said there were one hundred and sixty four cases lying now before the Court and to act upon them, even within two or three years, would require an extension of the sittings of the Court.

Mr. Alles opposed the bill, considering it equivalent to a life session of the Supreme Court, which, in connection with the life tenure of the Judges, would be dangerous to liberty. The life or include of the Judges was inconsistent with our orientale of the Judges was inconsistent with our large show a particular sentilinity on his principle of the Judges was inconsistent with our institutions, and should be superseded by the elec-

tive system.

Mr. CRITTENDEN said the bill was not a subject for any such dreadful anticipations. It merely provided for an additional session, during the year, in

vided for an additional session, during the year. In order to enable the Supreme Court to get through with the amount of business on its hands. The debate was a simple question of the necessity for this temporary measure of relief.

Messrs. Benton. Calknows and Badeen spoke in opposition to the bill, after which the Ayes and Noes were called upon the question of engrossment. Rejected by 17 Ayes to 19 Noes.

The Senate then went into Executive Session. House of Representatives.

A message was received from the Senate, informing the House that they had passed resolutions tendering the congratulations of the United States to the people of France, and asking concurrence in the same.

GENERAL SESSIONS .- At the opening of this Court

In the City and County of New York, from the 1st day of April, 1848, to the 1th day of April, 1848. Men, 30-Women, 83-Boys, 79-Girls, 57. Total, 299. Men. 30 - Women. 83 - Boys. 79 - Girls. 57. Total, 299.

Diseaset. No. Diseaset. No. Diseaset. No. Abscess. 1 Droppy in chest. 1 Indian of Throat 1 Apoplexy. 5 "in the head. 14" of Kidney. 12" Apoplexy. 5 "in the head. 14" of Kidney. 14" Apoplexy. 5 "in the head. 14" of Kidney. 14" Apoplexy. 7" of Womb. 24" Angins. 1 Eyestelas. 15" of Liver. 1 Total. 15" Of Liver. 1 Total. 15" October 15

Age-Under 1 year, 61; 1 to 2, 17; 2 to 5, 32; 5 to 10, 14 AGE\_Under I year, 61; 1 to 2, 17; 2 to 5, 32; 5 to 19, 14; 10 to 20, 13; 20 to 30, 25; 30 to 40, 56; 40 to 50, 32; 50 to 50, 19; 50 to 70, 14; 70 to 20, 15; 80 to 30, 59; 100 and upward, 2
Places of Navivity—United States, 183; Ireland, 75; England, 4; Scotland, 3; Wales, 1; Germany, 15; France, 2; Holland, 1; Italy, 1; British Possessions in N America, 2; unknown, 2.
From Alme-House, Bellevue, 5; Hospital, Bellevue, 14; Penitentiary Hospital, Binckwell's Island, 3; Blooming-dale Hospital, 6; 1; Ward's Island, 7; Randall's Island, 1; City Hospital, 6; City Prison, 1; Alme-House, Blackwell's Island, 8; Hospital, Prospect Hall, 2; Colored Home, 3; Colored Orphan Asylum, 1; Colored Persons, 18.
City Inspector's Office, April 3, 1848.

Law Courts.

SUFREME COURT.—Special Term.—Before Judge Edwards.—Decisions in Divorce.—Mary A. Nickett against John H. Exkett.—Order for divorce and alimony.

Sophia Hollerman against John F. Hollerman.—Motion for allachment granted.

Mary Angeline-Scratins against Adolph Scrutius.—Divorce from the marriage tie.

Himman Sulliver against Samuel Sulliver.—Same.

Joseph Woods against Jane Woods.—Same.

There were also decisions on motions to set aside judgments, &c.

SINGULAR DISCOVERT OF A GANG OF HOBBERS.

A during attempt was made on Friday niget last, by rearron named sharts a baster by trade, to rob the Bank of some of the villane who have committed the formance of the same of the villane who have some of

LOUIS PHILIPPE COMING TO THE UNITED STATES.—A latter from one of Louis Philippe's intimate friends was received by the steamer Washington, by a gentleman of New York, announcing that the ex-King has taken the resolution to come and fix himself, with his family in the United States. So says, considerity, the Courrier de Einst-Unis.

A CENTENARIAN.—The Buffulo Com. Adv. announces the death in that city of Exexus. Lane at the advanced age of 102 years. In 1736 there were only four buildings on the present site of Buffulo—of these the one next built was receded by Erekiel Lane, and his father-law, Martin Middaugh.

FROM THE MOUNTAINS .- Yesterday, Mr. Harvey FROM THE MOUNTAINS.—Yesterday, Mr. Harvey of the firm of Harvey, Primeau & Co traders with the Blackfeet Indians, arrived in this City. Mr. H. had a long and cold trip down the Miscouri. He brings information that from the Mandan villages up to the Mountains, the same was several than it has been during the last fifteen years. This will be welcome intelligence to those interested in the trade of the Miscouri river, as it gives an assurance of a good stage of walls for the Spring and Summer business. The trade of this company has been propered during the past assessed. Mr. H. brings to news of moment from the indian country. [St. Louis Rep. 3].

SYRAMER WASHINGTON—The run of this vessel from Suthampton to Bremen and back on her last veyage.

000 Sc N Y 5s, 1350. 98 125 000 Penna 5s. 754 100 000 do. bts 75, 50 00 Ctty 5s, 1855. 95 150 

The amount of coal transported on the Schuyl kill Navigation Company last week was 12,106 tens.
The receipts of the Old Colony Railroad for the

RESCUED FROM DROWSING -Officers Horton and | institute weeks have been : .\$1/91/99

The average gain since Dec. 1, is about 39 per cent.

At Buffalo the Money market is still very tight. and the demand for accommodation has rather augmented.
The banks are doing little or nothing save carrying over

Total merchandles \$1,470,000 \$1,671,926 \$1,671,926 \$1,4133 \$1,106,191 \$1,487 \$1 Gov. Shunk of Pennsylvania has vetoed the fol lowing Back bills, viz: The Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Philadelphia; the Columbia Bank and Bridge

act of suspension-hopes the Bank will resume in a few days east the majority of the stock was owned by Lake

Arrived - Schr H B Noster, Keller, St Thomas 10th uit, manogany, &c. to Brett & Vose. Left ship Talishassedisg, bask Wasian, for leward in 2 days, brigg Kate Pende, gast, reprz. Topaz, for Nyork in 10 days; schre Euphemia, heace, arra 18th, Duxbury and Greek arra 18th for Baltimors, and salled for a market. The Adam Trast touched about the 18th, and sid some day for 8t Martins, to load for Nyork Market 91 to 22 lon 24 cooks, back Charles Dev.

Sailed-Ship Oreole, for NOrleans. NOTICES.

IMPROVED

MAGNETIC MACHINEES.

MOORHEAD'S
GRADUATED MAGNETIC MACHINES.

MADVECTORY OF COUNTS OF CO

WANTED-By a respectable Scotch woman asirus
The best of reference given. Apply at 25 Prince at third
floor.

Dion Ferry, with handsome and spacious an attenta-for married and single gentlemen. The double rooms have pastries and wardrobes. The location is pleasant, and commands a view of the city and harbor. Apply at 8 Willowset.